



## Portfields Primary School Medium Term Plan

Year Group – **3**    Subject - **RE**    Topic – **What happens if we do wrong?**    Term – **Summer 1**



National Curriculum	Religious Education Council Curriculum Framework	Key Questions	Assessment Statements	Key Vocabulary	Real Life Links																		
<p>The Non-Statutory National Framework for RE suggests that all pupils should have been introduced to the six religions deemed to be the principal faiths found in Britain by the end of key stage 3, having explored Christianity, as one of these faiths, in each key stage.</p>	<p>A2: Describe and understand links between stories and other aspects of the communities they are investigating, responding thoughtfully to a range of sources of wisdom and to beliefs and teachings that arise from them in different communities.            A3: Explore and describe a range of beliefs, symbols and actions so that they can understand different ways of life and ways of expressing meaning.            B1: Observe and understand varied examples of religions and worldviews so that they can explain, with reasons, their meanings and significance to individuals and communities.            B3: Observe and consider different dimensions of religion, so that they can explore and show understanding of similarities and differences within and between different religions and worldviews.            C1: Discuss and present thoughtfully their own and others' views on challenging questions about belonging, meaning, purpose and truth, applying ideas of their own in different forms including (e.g.) reasoning, music, art and poetry.            C3: Discuss and apply their own and others' ideas about ethical questions, including ideas about what is right and wrong and what is just and fair, and express their own ideas clearly in response.</p>	<p>Who decides what happens after we do wrong?            Why might confession be important after wrongdoing?            How do some people seek God's forgiveness?            How can wrongdoing affect the soul?            How do some Christians 'cleanse' the soul from wrongdoing?            How might karma affect the soul?</p>	<p>A community or religious group might decide a consequence for a bad action together through meetings or votes. They might have rules and consequences already in place that everyone agrees on.            For catholic people, confession is a crucial step before seeking forgiveness from God for their wrongdoings. They sit in the confessional and reveal their mistakes to a priest.            Yom Kippor is a holy day in the Jewish calendar, that means Day of Atonement. On this day, people say sorry to God and apologise to other people for their wrongdoings.            Ramadan is a holy month of forgiveness in the Muslim calendar. Muslims pray to allah to ask for forgiveness.            Christians and Muslims believe that, when you die, you will be reunited with God in a place of eternal peace, if you are a good person and have repented for your sins.            The children of Christian parents often get baptised when they are young, which symbolises a new life as a christian. People believe that baptism cleanses away the Original sin - from when Adam and Eve eat the forbidden fruit.            Hindus believe that they do not just have one life and instead, when they die, their atman starts a new life in a new body. Hindus believe that their actions (karma) can affect whether they have happier rebirths.</p>	<p>affect            amends            authority            baptism            cleansed            choice            consequences            forgiveness            immoral            infant            intention            karma            mercy            moral            priest            repentance            reunite            sacrament            sin            severe            soul            wrongdoing            ultimate</p>	<p>Religious Population of:            1. Newport Pagnell <a href="#">Click Here</a>            2. Milton Keynes <a href="#">Click Here</a>            3. The world <a href="#">Click Here</a>            4. Pupil population by religion</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">Religion</th> <th style="text-align: left;">Percentage</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Catholic</td> <td>5.9%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Buddhist</td> <td>0.2%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Christian</td> <td>26%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Hindu</td> <td>2.9%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Muslim</td> <td>2.9%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sikh</td> <td>0.5%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Other religion</td> <td>8.8%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>No religion</td> <td>52.8%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Religion	Percentage	Catholic	5.9%	Buddhist	0.2%	Christian	26%	Hindu	2.9%	Muslim	2.9%	Sikh	0.5%	Other religion	8.8%	No religion	52.8%
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<p><b>Milton Keynes Agreed Syllabus for Religious Education</b></p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Substantive Knowledge</b></p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Disciplinary Knowledge</b></p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Orange Paper Questions</b></p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Technical Vocabulary</b></p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Key Religions (KS2 Facts)</b></p>																		
<p><b>Believing</b>            How do people's beliefs about God, the world and others impact on their lives?            How do sacred texts and other sources help people to understand God, the world and human life?  <b>Behaving</b>            Why and how are people influenced and inspired by others?            What influences the ways people behave and what is expected of a person in following a religion or belief?            How do religious families and communities practise their faith, and what contributions do they make to local life?            How and why do religions and beliefs respond to global issues of human rights, fairness, social justice and the importance of the environment?  <b>Belonging</b>            What do people believe about life after death and how are these beliefs reflected in the ways in which they mark death?            How and why are religious and spiritual ideas expressed and in the ways they are?</p>	<p>Morals are our thinking about what is right and wrong.            Teachings of a religious or non-religious worldview often link with a follower's life choices.            Actions have consequences and people think differently about what these are.            Forgiveness is cancelling out wrongdoing or removing punishment.            Some people believe all living things have a soul and that it is immortal.</p>	<p>Identifying similarities and differences between, and within, religions and worldviews.            Giving thoughtful insights about why some things are the same and others are different.            Recognising links with prior learning when encountering new content.            Explaining links between religious and non-religious practices and their significance.            Exploring the ways diverse people and groups can work together for good.            Developing the ability to use empathy to identify and understand the feelings of others.            Reflecting on how others might see the world and how they can show respect for viewpoints different to their own.            Using increasingly complex vocabulary and explaining its meaning to others.            Presenting different views thoughtfully and creatively, using evidence from learning.            Asking open questions and suggesting responses.            Discussing their own and others' ideas about deciding what is right and wrong.            Suggesting ideas about the right ways to treat others, including own opinions and ideas from learning.            Thinking about their own ideas about God in light of their learning, experiences and discussions.            Finding out about religion and worldviews through: exploring scriptures; debating and discussing; interpreting art; looking at photographs and images; using video and audio footage and using first-hand accounts.</p>	<p>1. How might a religious community decide on a consequence? <i>Through a vote.</i>            2. Catholic people undergo 'Confession' when they have done something wrong - what is this? <i>When you tell a priest about your wrongdoings.</i>            3. Yom Kippor is the day of forgiveness for which religion? <i>Judaism.</i>            4. Ramadan is the holy month of forgiveness for which religion? <i>Islam.</i>            5. Which two religions believe that, when you die, you will be reunited with God in a place of eternal peace? <i>Christianity and Islam.</i>            6. What is baptising Christian children supposed to wash away? <i>The Original sin (when Adam &amp; Eve ate the forbidden fruit).</i></p>	<p>Brahman            Catholic            Confessional            Jesus            Original sin            Prophet Muhammad</p>	<p><b>Christianity</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Holy book is the Bible.</li> <li>- Worship in churches,</li> <li>- Leaders may be called priests.</li> <li>- Celebrate Easter, Christmas &amp; Advent.</li> </ul> <p><b>Islam</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Holy book is the Qu'ran.</li> <li>- Worship in Mosques.</li> <li>- Leaders may be called Imams.</li> <li>- Celebrate Eid and Ramadan.</li> </ul> <p><b>Judaism</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Holy book is the Hebrew Bible.</li> <li>- Worship in Temples.</li> <li>- Leaders may be called rabbis.</li> <li>- Celebrate Rosh Hashanah, Hanukah and Yom Kippur.</li> </ul> <p><b>Hinduism</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Holy book is the Vedas.</li> <li>- Worship in Mandir.</li> <li>- Leaders may be called Gurus.</li> <li>- Celebrate Diwali &amp; Lunar New Year.</li> </ul> <p><b>Sikhism</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Holy book is the Guru Granth Sahib</li> <li>- Worship in Gurdwaras</li> </ul>																		

			<p>7. What do Hindus call their soul? <i>Atman</i>.</p> <p>8. Hindus believe that, if they get enough good _____ during their current life, they will be happier in their next life. <i>Karma</i>.</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Leaders may be called Gurus</li> <li>- Celebrate Sikh New Year.</li> </ul>
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**Important Information**

Lesson tasks should be designed to ensure the children can demonstrate an understanding of the Star Knowledge  
 Technical Questions should be taken from the blue sections within Kapow’s lesson plans. Guidance is given as to suitable answers the children may give.

Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3	Lesson 4	Lesson 5	Lesson 6
<b>Flashback Four</b>	<b>Flashback Four</b>	<b>Flashback Four</b>	<b>Flashback Four</b>	<b>Flashback Four</b>	<b>Flashback Four</b>
<p><u>Last Lesson</u>            What do Christians do with the Bible that shows you they think it is very important? <i>Study it daily. Read from it daily. Read stories to their children etc.</i></p> <p><u>Last Topic</u>            One of the ten commandments is to remember the Sabbath day. What is the Sabbath day? <i>Sunday – as a day of rest.</i></p> <p><u>Last Year</u>  <i>What is a prophet?</i> Someone who is believed to talk about God’s plan and will.</p> <p><u>Previous Key Stage</u>            Christian, Jewish and Hindu people generally believe that who created the world and everything in it? <i>God.</i></p>	<p><u>Last Lesson</u>            How might a community or religious group decide a consequence for a bad action? <i>Through a meeting or votes, or pre-decided consequences for certain actions.</i></p> <p><u>Last Topic</u>            The Torah is the Jewish scroll with the law of God. What is the Chumash? <i>The Torah translated to many different languages in book form.</i></p> <p><u>Last Year</u>            Why is it not easy to be a prophet? <i>You have to share God’s message to lots of people, who might not believe in God or his messages.</i></p> <p><u>Previous Key Stage</u>            What did God create last in the creation story - people, animals or plants? <i>People.</i></p>	<p><u>Last Lesson</u>            Confession is a crucial step before seeking forgiveness from God in what religion? <i>Catholicism.</i></p> <p><u>Last Topic</u>            If Muslims believe the Quran is the exact words of Allah, what is the Hadith? <i>A collection of stories written about Muhammad, after he died.</i></p> <p><u>Last Year</u>            What did God promise Moses? <i>That he would free the Jewish people from slavery and bring them to the promised land.</i></p> <p><u>Previous Key Stage</u>            God created humans as what - teachers, protectors or stewards? <i>Stewards.</i></p>	<p><u>Last Lesson</u>            Yom Kippor is the Day of Atonement from which religion? <i>Judaism.</i></p> <p><u>Last Topic</u>            Does the Jewish Torah contain stories from the Christian Bible’s old or new testament? <i>Old Testament.</i></p> <p><u>Last Year</u>            Who did Muhammad receive God’s message from? <i>Angel Jibril.</i></p> <p><u>Previous Key Stage</u>            Muslims believe we should care for the world by acting like stewards, just like who did? <i>Muhammad.</i></p>	<p><u>Last Lesson</u>            Followers of which <b>two</b> religions believe that, when you die, you will be reunited with God in a place of eternal peace (sometimes called heaven)? <i>Christianity and Islam.</i></p> <p><u>Last Topic</u>            Name a type of Bible that might be used differently from a standard Bible. <i>Children’s bible, ornate bible, commentary bible.</i></p> <p><u>Last Year</u>            Which three religions share the same message of there being only one God? <i>Christianity, Judaism and Islam.</i></p> <p><u>Previous Key Stage</u>            What does the Buddhist and Hindu word of ahimsa mean? <i>Being very kind and not hurting any living creature.</i></p>	<p><u>Last Lesson</u>            Christians believe that baptism cleanses away the Original sin - which is when Adam and Eve did what? <i>Ate the forbidden fruit.</i></p> <p><u>Last Topic</u>            What do Christians do with the Bible that shows you they think it is very important? <i>Study it daily. Read from it daily. Read stories to their children etc.</i></p> <p><u>Last Year</u>            Many Sikhs believe who had a special relationship with God because they received a direct revelation from Him? <i>Guru Nanak.</i></p> <p><u>Previous Key Stage</u>            Why might someone who is non-religious want to take care of the world? <i>So it is a nice place to live in etc</i></p>
<p><u>Learning Objective</u>            LO: To analyse the consequences of wrongdoing by exploring different perspectives.</p> <p><u>Success Criteria</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- I can discuss what might make an action wrong.</li> <li>- I can describe the consequences of some wrong actions.</li> <li>- I can explore some religious and non-religious ideas about who decides these.</li> </ul> <p><u>Star Knowledge</u>            A community or religious group might decide a consequence for a bad action together through meetings or votes. They might have rules and consequences already in place that everyone agrees on.</p>	<p><u>Learning Objective</u>            LO: To examine some Christian beliefs about the process of forgiveness.</p> <p><u>Success Criteria</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- I can describe the process of forgiveness for some Catholics.</li> <li>- I can apply what this might look like after wrongdoing.</li> <li>- I can explain why this process might be important to some people.</li> </ul> <p><u>Star Knowledge</u>            For catholic people, confession is a crucial step before seeking forgiveness from God for their wrongdoings or sins. They sit in the confessional and reveal their mistakes to a priest.</p>	<p><u>Learning Objective</u>            LO: To investigate how some religious people seek God’s forgiveness after wrongdoing.</p> <p><u>Success Criteria</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- I can describe some religious beliefs about seeking God’s forgiveness.</li> <li>- I can compare some religious practices of seeking God’s forgiveness.</li> <li>- I can discuss how seeking God’s forgiveness might impact a religious person’s life.</li> </ul> <p><u>Star Knowledge</u>            Yom Kippor is a holy day in the Jewish calendar, that means Day of Atonement. On this day, people say sorry to God and apologise to other people for their wrongdoings.</p>	<p><u>Learning Objective</u>            LO: To investigate some beliefs about what happens to the soul after repentance.</p> <p><u>Success Criteria</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- I can recap where some people believe the soul comes from.</li> <li>- I can describe what might happen to the soul as a result of wrongdoing.</li> <li>- I can further reflect on why some Muslims and Christians choose to live morally.</li> </ul> <p><u>Star Knowledge</u>            Christians and Muslims believe that, when you die, you will be reunited with God in a place of eternal peace, if you are a good person and have repented for your sins.</p>	<p><u>Learning Objective</u>            LO: To investigate some Christian beliefs about cleansing the soul.</p> <p><u>Success Criteria</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- I can identify the differences between infant and adult baptism.</li> <li>- I can reflect on how beliefs about the Original sin relate to infant baptism.</li> <li>- I can discuss why Jesus’ baptism and sacrifice are considered important to many Christians.</li> </ul> <p><u>Star Knowledge</u>            The children of Christian parents often get baptised when they are young, which symbolises a new life as a christian. People believe that baptism cleanses away the Original sin - from when Adam and Eve eat the forbidden fruit.</p>	<p><u>Learning Objective</u>            LO: to explore some Hindu beliefs on how actions affect the soul.</p> <p><u>Success Criteria</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- I can describe Hindu beliefs of the atman and karma.</li> <li>- I can explain some Hindu beliefs of how wrongdoing affects the atman.</li> <li>- I can explain why some Hindus choose to live morally.</li> </ul> <p><u>Star Knowledge</u>            Hindus believe that they do not just have one life and instead, when they die, their atman starts a new life in a new body. Hindus believe that their actions (karma) can affect whether they have happier rebirths.</p>

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